	ご 〈 語句	かいせつ 解説	えいやく 英訳
	徳政令(永仁の徳政令) とくせいれい (えいにんのとくせいれい)	うれい もうこ しゅうらい こんきゅう げんいん ばいきゃく 令。蒙古襲来による困窮を原因として売却された	A decree issued by the Kamakura Shogunate in 1297 to provide relief to the Gokenin. The purpose of the decree was to recover the domains of the Gokenin who had sold their lands due to poverty caused by the Mongol invasion, but the decree inadvertently caused economic turmoil, leading to increased dissatisfaction among the Gokenin.
2	後醍醐天皇 ごだいごてんのう		1288-1339. Emperor from the end of the Kamakura period to the early period of the Northern and Southern Dynasties. He planned to overthrow the Kamakura shogunate in an attempt to revive the emperor-centered government, but failed and was exiled to Oki. However, in 1333, with the cooperation of the Ashikaga and Nitta clans, he overthrew the shogunate and launched the Kenmuno-Shinsei, a new government that was pro-emperor. However, the new government failed due to growing dissatisfaction among the samurai. Later, he founded the Southern Dynasty in Yoshino as his base.

3	建武の新政 けんむのしんせい	かまくらばくふめつぼうご ごだいご てんのう 鎌倉幕府滅亡後に後醍醐天皇によっておこなわれ てんのうしんせい せいじ ふっこてき てんのうちゅうしんせいじ ふっ た天皇親政の政治。復古的な天皇中心の政治の復 かつ ぶし ふまん たか あしかがたかうじ 活をめざしたため武士の不満が高まり、足利尊氏 たいりつ さんねん しっぱい お との対立により三年あまりで失敗に終わった。	The Emperor Go-Daigo's pro-emperor government was established after the fall of the Kamakura Shogunate. The government failed after about three years due to the dissatisfaction of the samurai and the conflict with Ashikaga Takauji.
4	足利高氏(尊氏) あしかが たかうじ	1305年~1358年。室町幕府初代将軍。鎌倉幕府 ゆうりょくごけにん ごだいご てんのうがわ ねがえ の有力御家人であったが後醍醐天皇側に寝返り、 ろくはら たんだい こうりゃく かまくらばくふ とうばく こうけん 六波羅探題を攻略して鎌倉幕府の倒幕に貢献し ご けんむ しんせい たい ふまん ぶした。その後、建武の新政に対して不満をもつ武士 たちの支持に支えられて後醍醐天皇から離反し、 じみょういんとう こうみょうてんのうようりつ ねん むろまちばくふ 持明院統の光明天皇を擁立して1338年に室町幕府 ひら を開いた。	1305-1358. The first shogun of the Muromachi Shogunate. He was a powerful retainer of the Kamakura shogunate, but switched to the side of Emperor Godaigo and contributed to the overthrow of the Kamakura shogunate by defeating Rokuhara Tandai. Later, supported by samurai dissatisfied with the new Kenmu regime, he defected from Emperor Godaigo, retained Emperor Komyo of the Jomyoin lineage and established the Muromachi shogunate in 1338.